

"I go for the country, the whole country—and it is my ardent and sincere wish to see the individual placed at the head of the nation, who, by a strict observance of the constitution (he who he may), can make us most prosperous at home, as well as most respected abroad."

Z. TAYLOR.

FOR PRESIDENT, IN 1848,
MAJOR GENERAL
ZACHARY TAYLOR,
OF LOUISIANA,
THE HERO
OF
PALO ALTO, RESACA DE LA PALEMA,
MONTREY,
And Buena Vista.
Subject to the decision of the Whig National Convention.

WHIG NOMINATION
FOR GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND,
WILLIAM T. GOLDSBOROUGH,
OF DORCHESTER COUNTY.

The Sioux the Winnebagoes are at war.
The Legislature of Connecticut has adjourned.

There are twenty-eight Whig papers in Virginia, and sixteen of them have hoisted old Zach's flag.

John Randolph used to call Mr. Ritchie the man of seven principles—five loaves and two fishes!

The farmers of Fauquier county, Va., are cutting up their plantations into dairy farms.

Conquering a peace—is one of Bonaparte's favorite phrases.

A suit is in progress in Buffalo which will expose certain mal-practices of the Telegraph.

Eighty-one of our troops died at Point Isabel of disease during the past year.

The Missourians are resolved to have a rail road from Hannibal to St. Joseph's.

Two murderers were hung last week at Toronto. One of them had killed six men.

The authorities of Boston never celebrated the 4th of July till 1806.

General Scott's Proclamation is a copy, almost word for word, of Bonaparte's address to the Egyptians.

The Texas papers are signifying their wish that Gen. Houston shall be the Democratic candidate for the next Presidency.

What are we fighting for?—asks the Cincinnati Gazette. We'll tell you. To make James K. Polk President a second term.

The Connecticut Whig, printed at Hartford, is a whole team. It is progressive, that is, speaks the sentiments of the whole Whig party. It sounds very Taylorish.

An Irishman recently refused to pay the city tax in Norfolk on his dog, because the dog was not naturalized!

The New Orleans Delta is certain that General Scott has engraved upon the walls of the palace of the Montezuma—ILUM VOIT.

A Jewish Synagogue in New York has been devoted to the worship of God the Father but not to the worship of God the Son.

Mr. Polk admits, says the New York Advertiser, that General Taylor is a very strong candidate for the Presidency!

The rumor in New York is, that J. W. Staples of that city is to be the victim of sacrifice for the Havre Consulship!

John Gibson, the celebrated editor of the New Orleans Free American in times past, is now editing the Tampico Sentinel.

The President, in his speeches, assumes that his receptions are without distinction of party, knowing at the same time that if it were not for the office holders he would be permitted to come and go without the least public display.

Sir, as President I know no party, but the whole country and its best interests.

[President's N. York Speech.]

The course of your administration unfortunately directly contradicts your assertion in every particular.

After the presentation of Mr. Polk to the Mayor of New York at Castle Garden, some one sung out—three cheers for Zachary Taylor! The welkin rang for some seconds with the most uproarious applause.

The Government, (we presume, the President) has, after full deliberation in Cabinet Council, says the Washington correspondent of the Charleston Courier, determined to establish a form of government de facto in Mexico, and make with it a treaty of peace, and guaranty the security of that Government.

The Union Magazine of Literature and Art, edited by Mrs. C. M. Kirkland, Israel Post, New York, No. 1. We have been much gratified by the perusal of this work. It is very tastefully got up, beautifully printed, and ornamented by three splendid engravings—the fall of Lieut. Col. Henry Clay, News from the War, and Fashions for July. The publisher merits, and will no doubt receive, extensive patronage. We predict that it will be the magazine of the Union.

The work may be had of Brooks, Shillington & Co., Pa. avenue and 4th street, where will be found all the latest publications of the day, and everything else pertaining to their line of business.

The Raleigh Register notices that Mr. King, late minister to France, Mr. Saunders, minister to Spain, Mr. Branch, charged to Portugal, and Mr. W. H. Polk, charged at Naples, are all graduates of Chapel Hill University. N. C. Mr. President Polk and Colonel Benton are also graduates of that institution. Well—Chapel Hill can boast of her quantity of great men!

Still Later From Mexico.

BY OUR
REINDER
EXPRESS.
HIGHLY IMPORTANT.
READ AND REFLECT!

Last evening our Reinder came in puffing and blowing, and looking as laughing as though peace had really been conquered, and on examination of the news brought, it appears that it has been conquered all to the hool!

The steamer J. L. Day left Vera Cruz on the 19th inst., and arrived at New Orleans on the 21st inst. The Captain says that information had been received at Vera Cruz, that Gen. Scott and Worth with the main body of the army had advanced as far as Rio Frio without opposition, and there met by a deputation from the City of Mexico with propositions of peace, which General Scott instantly refused to accept, and that Gen. Scott had announced his determination to march upon the capital without delay. The Capt. of the Day likewise says, that it was believed that the Government of Mexico would agree to any peace which Scott might dictate rather than let him occupy the capital. This is all the say so of the Captain of the Day. There is no other evidence of the truth of the statement. We are of opinion that it will turn out like the late rumor of a deputation having waited upon Scott at Jalapa.

The Day, however, brought more probable intelligence in the fact that the Governor of Tampico was daily in expectation of an attack by 1,500 in the vicinity. On the night of the 12th inst., there was an insurrectionary movement within the town, but it was promptly put down. On the 15th inst., our pickets were driven in, and on the 16th a party of rancheros attacked the pilot station. The barque Mary landed two hundred volunteers at Tampico on the 16th inst.

SKETCHES FOR THE PUBLIC.

No. X.

WASHINGTON, June 27, 1847.

As it is pretty certain that the popular branch of the next Congress will be Whig, many speculations are entered into as to who will be the officers of the House.

It is generally conceded that the Speaker will be either Mr. Vinson, of Ohio, Mr. Winthrop, of Massachusetts, or Mr. Thompson of Indiana; all three good whigs and true!

The next office, in importance, is that of Clerk. Who will get it? Shall it be given, by a Whig majority, to a capable, meritorious, and deserving Whig, or to a capable Locofoco, like Mr. French, the present incumbent?

It is understood that Mr. French counts upon certain success provided the Whig majority shall not be over ten votes! Sundry Whigs are absolutely named as certain to vote for him! Can this calculation be well-founded? Is there a Whig elected to the next House of Representatives, or who expects to be elected, who would vote for B. B. French's reelection as Clerk, and thus be willing to dash to the ground the very first fruits of a Whig triumph?

The idea is not for a moment to be entertained!—Mr. French has been a Locofoco Clerk in the House, subordinate and chief, some twelve or fourteen years—placed there as, and for being a Locofoco, and as a Locofoco there retained. He was retained as Principal Clerk by a Whig House, through an unfortunate split in the ranks of the Whig members and a certain well-remembered coalition which was entered into with the Locofoco members on the occasion! Shall anything of the kind happen, for be permitted a second time? *Nous verrons!* If there is any advantage in having a Whig House then it is necessary and proper that the Clerk who stands in such confidential relation to the body, should be a Whig also!

Mr. French's talents end good business habits, as a clerk, are freely admitted; but there are Whigs to be found who would fill the station in every respect as well as Mr. French, and whose claims upon it, in the event of the House being Whig, would be far superior to his. This every one must admit. How then can Mr. French find good ground for the calculation that some, or even one, of the Whig members will vote for him? He may entertain the idea that the game played in regard to the Clerkship of the House for the 27th Congress will be repeated so that ultimately some of the Whig members, through divisions in their own ranks, will be induced to give him their support! But if he does entertain this idea, he is doomed to be disappointed. The Whig members, if they have the majority, will meet together and make a location of a suitable and a capable man for clerk—and that man, when selected, they will unanimously support! Mark the declaration! The member who will not do this is no Whig!

STRAIGHT-OUTS.

The coming Presidential election bids fair to be distinguished by the utter disorganization and breaking up of the Democratic party. On every hand we hear and read of whole cohorts of straight-outs making their way from under their old Democratic banners over to the great Whig army of the Union. The flag of ZACHARY TAYLOR, having been hoisted by the Whigs, has been the signal for this general breaking up. According to all appearances, it has scarcely begun. General Taylor will not be permitted to win the great battle of 1848 by a meagre majority, but he will be fitted into the Presidency by the almost unanimous vote of every State in the Union.

But the most remarkable desertion from the Democratic ranks, so far, is that of Mr. Rice, who is the Taylor candidate for Congress in Alabama, against Bowden, the regular Polk nominee.

This patriotic individual does not content himself with deserting his old colors, by saying, that it is his supreme pleasure to do so, which he has the right to declare, but he has published his reasons for his course. These reasons we reprint, for the information of the

thousands of straight-outs who are even now ready to bolt, and who have already bolted. They cannot be refuted. To these reasons the intelligence of all Democrats who love the Constitution more than President Polk and his loaves and fishes, will readily add the late Executive Mexican tariff, which alone is sufficient to drive every honest Democrat in the country to the support of General Taylor, and for making which we hope Mr. Polk will be punished in the mode prescribed by that very Constitution which he has so flagrantly broken. But here are Mr. Rice's reasons for marching straight-out from the old Democracy:

1st. Getting our country into war with Mexico, when it was as easy to avoid a war with Mexico about Texas, as it was to avoid a war with Great Britain about Oregon. Failing to use the same prudence to avoid war with Mexico, as was used to avoid the war with Great Britain, the President's consulting the Senate, before taking any decisive step towards Great Britain, and taking decisive steps towards Mexico without consulting either branch of Congress.

2. The attempt to tax coffee and tea, on the miserable and unfounded pretext that it was necessary to carry on or support the war!—(The speech of Andrew Johnson, a strong Democrat in the last Congress, from Tennessee, exposes fully the injustice of such a tax, and shows that Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, and divers others, taught him to oppose such a tax, and also shows that many millions can be raised by taxing the wealth and luxuries of the country, without touching such necessities as coffee and tea. He also states a position which I fully approve, in these words:—*"He was for giving the President money and men; he was for taxing the wealth of the country to defray the expenses of the war—the common man had to do the fighting, and the rich ought to pay for it."*)

3. The failure to reduce the price of public lands, when the Democratic party had the President and majorities in both Houses of Congress. Uniting the proposed reduction of the public lands, in the same bill with the odious tax on coffee and tea; and thus losing the reduction of the lands by pressing the coffee and tea tax with it.

4. The attempt to make Thomas H. Benton Lieutenant General, and to give him command of all our forces in the field; thus placing a mere politician in command of our gallant and experienced generals, officers and soldiers, when Gen. Taylor was gaining every battle, and adding unsurpassed lustre to the fame of his country.

5. The passage of what is commonly called the Ten Regiment Bill—by which the freemen of this country who may go in those regiments are deprived of selecting their officers, and have to go under officers selected by the President. This unconstitutional, kingly, and anti-republican bill, was opposed by several leading Democrats in the two Houses of Congress. And amongst others, it was strongly opposed by ex President Sam. Houston, of Texas, distinguished for his military ability as well as his stern republicanism. He offered an amendment, providing, among other things, that the ten regiments should consist of volunteers, instead of recruits, or regulars, and giving the volunteers the right to choose their company and field officers. A similar amendment was offered in both Houses of Congress, and voted down.

6. The encumbering the resolutions of thanks to General Taylor and his army with an unnecessary and improper amendment, the effect of a part of which was to insinuate that he had not done his whole duty at Monterey.

7. The refusal of the House of Representatives to pass a resolution calling on the President for proper information concerning Santa Anna's return to Mexico, without any disturbance from our navy. Why did a majority of the House refuse to call on the President, to let the people know all about the matter of Santa Anna's return?

CITY ITEMS.

CRIMINAL COURT, June 26, 1847.

U. S. vs. Negro Richard Tilman. Assault. Guilty. Fined \$3 and costs. Ratcliff for prisoner.

U. S. vs. Negro James Fox. Larceny. Stealing a buffalo robe, the property of Ann Rollings. Guilty. The jury found the robe to be of the value of \$3 50, thereby saving the prisoner from the penitentiary. Two months imprisonment in county jail. Ratcliff for prisoner.

U. S. vs. Mary Butler. Assault upon Lucy Jasper. Guilty. Six weeks imprisonment in county jail. Ratcliff for prisoner.

U. S. vs. Lewis Browning. Assault with intent to kill Henry Hurley by shooting him with a gun—the prisoner appeared to be about fourteen or fifteen years of age, and the jury being satisfied from the evidence that he was a boy of very weak and feeble mind, and regarded by his acquaintances as a lunatic, found him guilty of a simple assault merely. Two weeks imprisonment in county jail. Ratcliff for prisoner.

We call the attention of the Commissioner of Public Buildings to the scarcity of seats in the Capitol and President's Grounds. The expenditure of a few hundred dollars to that effect, would be duly appreciated by the inhabitants of this place, also strangers visiting here. We often hear the Ladies, dear, sweet creatures, after promenade for some time, exclaim, oh! dear, I wish I could find a seat! So come look out, Mr. Commissioner, or you'll have the Ladies after you.

The alarm of fire yesterday morning about 2 o'clock proceeded from the old warehouse on Lenox's wharf, which had lately been fitted up for a soap factory by Mr. Coleman. We understand that he lost about \$300 in gold from his drawer. The stock and house were insured. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

The alarm of fire to day between 12 and 1 o'clock, originated in the chimney of the Tavern occupied by Wm. C. West, on 7th street. No other damage, but lots of smoke and water.

James R. Young, negro, was arrested by officer Merryman for disorderly conduct in the Capitol Grounds; taken before Justice Beck—committed to jail—waiting the action of the Grand Jury.

The City Council will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The baker's loaves, says the National In-

telligencer, did not all weigh 19 ounces at last market day.

Don't forget Dr. Draper's Lecture this evening.

The Astronomer, Royal, Mr. Maury, and that distinguished Astronomer, Sears C. Walker, are quarreling through the columns of the National Intelligencer. The quarrel is almost as piquant as that of the Bernoulli's in former times. We think that Mr. Walker has the best of it just now, and that he ought to occupy Maury's place.

Mr. Mason is acting Secretary of State.

The Wetumpka Free Press (Ala.) has run up the flag of old Zach. The editor says he can't resist the clamor of the people any longer.

Mr. Grund, in this day's Baltimore Sun, admits that Scott and Trist had a blow up.

Mr. Grund, in to-day's Baltimore Sun, says that Col. Benton's plan was to conquer a government in Mexico, and then make peace with it!!!

The Baltimore volunteers have returned from the wars.

Notice to the Public.

I HAVE this day associated with me in the Agency of the National Whig, Mr. JOHN V. SEXTON. I avail myself of this opportunity to return my sincere thanks to the public for the favors lavishly bestowed upon my efforts, and assure them that no exertion shall be spared on either of our parts to merit a continuance thereof.

G. L. GILLCHREST.
N. B. We would be much obliged to our patrons if they would give us immediate notice of all failures on the part of our carriers to deliver their papers, particularly on the day of publication, as the carriers have their routes promptly delivered to them, and in ample time for delivery the same day.

GILLCHREST & SHIELDS,
June 28 Agents for National Whig.

The officers and members of Mt. Ararat Division Sons of Temperance will meet at their Hall (Franklin Engine house) to-morrow, the 29th, 3 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother Joseph Beardsley. The public and all other Divisions are respectfully invited to attend.

By Order, JOHN WAGNER, R. S.
LECTURE—CONSUMPTION.
DR. A. C. DRAPER.

Will deliver this Monday, evening, a Discourse in Temperance Hall on the nature and causes of Coughs, Colds, and Consumption, and will explain the use of the Stethoscope in detecting pulmonary inflections and diseases of the Heart.

Tickets, 12 1/2 cents, may be obtained at Taylor's Bookstore, at Mr. Savage's, Penn. avenue, at Mr. Beck's, corner of 9th and E street, and at the door of the Hall.

The Lecture will commence at half-past eight o'clock.
June 28—1st

JOHN ALLEN, Lock and White Smithing, at Bell Building, Penn. Avenue, opposite United States Hotel.

TO CAPITALISTS!

An opportunity is offered of making a safe and highly profitable investment of \$10,000—\$2,500 of which will only be needed in hand and the rest in the course of twelve months. Applications addressed to A. B. and left at this office will be immediately attended to and satisfactory explanations given.

June 26—6th*
FOUND.—Three Teeth, set on a Paladium plate, the owner can have them by paying for this advertisement. Call at A. M. Hoffar's, Surgeon Dentist, 41 street, a few doors above Pennsylvania avenue.

GLORIOUS NEWS!! SURRENDER OF THE CITY OF MEXICO!!!

In consequence of the above intelligence I have opened a new

TOBACCO, SNUFF, & SEGAR STORE, where my friends and the public generally, may at all times with confidence obtain a genuine imported segar of the most choice brand, as well as the most approved brands of chewing tobacco; also, a general assortment of snuff of all the different qualities at wholesale and retail.

Having made such arrangements as will at all times insure a full supply of the most choice brands from the different ports—and for any further information concerning the surrender of the city, the public will be politely attended to at HEAD QUARTERS, Brown's Hotel, No. 1.

CHARLES S. TYSON.

ALUM.

1,500 pounds of Alum,
For sale by CHAS. STOTT,
Drug & Apoth corner 7th & Pa. av.
may 21 tf

McCUBBIN, Barber, Temple of Fashion No. 1, aided by that superior workman, Felix Dean, 5th st., between Pennsylvania avenue and D street.
jun 25—

JOHN WILLIGMAN, House Furnishing Ware Rooms, corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 13th street, south side.
jun 25—

ICE!! ICE!! ICE!!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS have on hand a large supply of pure Potomac Ice, which they will sell at their ice-house corner of Maryland avenue and Eleventh street, for Twenty-five cents per bushel.

BIRD & GUNNELL.
N. B.—Ice delivered in any part of the city at the shortest notice.
June 23—tf B. & G.

FACTS, NOT FABLES!

DR. SCHWARTZ'S
Chronic-Thermal Ague Pills,
warranted to cure in eight hours!

Also,
DR. SCHWARTZ'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SASSAPARILLA

suitable for every month in the year, warranted to relieve Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Scrofula, Neuralgia, constitutional effects of Syphilis, eruptive diseases, and all others arising from impurities of the blood.

The above medicines may be had wholesale or retail, at the proprietor's store, Penn. avenue, 2d door east of 3d street, Washington City.

June 23 colf

COTTAGE FOR RENT.—A neat Cottage containing two large rooms, three small chambers and kitchen; there is also a stable or woodhouse on the premises. Situated in a healthy location near Mr. Machon on Maryland avenue. Inquire of Dr. VAUGHAN, Copper and Leecher, Ninth street.
June 23—tf

V. KING, Boarding-house, F street, directly opposite the General Post Office.
jun 25—

INSIDE VENETIAN WINDOW BLINDS.

WILLIAM NOEL,
Dealer and Manufacturer of Inside Venetian Window Blinds, south side Penn. av. between 9th and 10th streets, Washington.

BLINDS of all sizes and styles furnished to order. Split Blinds, plain and painted, of all sizes. Brae fixtures and trimmings furnished. Linen and transparent Curtains put up in the best style.

Fire-screens and wide paper for curtains, very cheap.

All work done on reasonable terms and with promptness.

N. B. Old Blinds repaired and repainted.
June 23 1m

REMOVAL.

GEORGE F. ALLEN would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that he has removed to the store formerly occupied by Walker Harper & Co. Pennsylvania avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, where he has opened a new and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods, consisting in part of
Balzarines, Lawns, Ginghams, Mousselines de Laine, Oregon Plaids, and English and American Prints
30 pces Men's and Boys' Summer Wear
A large and general assortment of Ladies' 'Mises', and Children's Gloves and Hosiery.
25 dozen Men's and Boys' Cotton Half-hose
50' do Ivory, Palm-leaf Feather, and Paper Fans, from 3 cts up to \$2.
June 23 colf

FRESH GROCERIES.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving an additional supply of groceries comprising
Fresh Tea, Coffee of various kinds
New Orleans, Porto Rico, and St. Croix sugars
Do do do do molasses
Sugar house sirup and molasses
Fresh spices, ground and unground
Sperm, adamantine, and mould candles
Tomato sauce, catsups, anchovies, &c.
Sardines and Curry powders
Sarsaparilla sirup, fancy soap
Military shaving soap, &c.
Orange county butter
100 sugar cured hams
100 superior shoulders
A large supply of cigars and tobacco
To which he invites attention S. HOLMES,
June 19—43w 7th street.

BLACK AND BLUE SUMMER HATS, SELLING CHEAP!

STEVENS (Late Fish & Co.) has on hand a lot of wide-brim White and Blue-fish Hats, selling at \$1.50 and \$2 each. These hats are unusually cheap, and will be run off at the above prices.

STEVENS, Outfitting Store,
No. 1, Brown's Hotel.
June 17 6tfco

TO CLAIMANTS, &c.

GENERAL AGENCY AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

THE undersigned, General Agent, Notary Public, and Justice of the Peace, respectfully informs the public that he has removed his office to the building one door south of Chubb & Schenck's Exchange Office on 15th street, opposite the Treasury Department where he will promptly and faithfully attend to any business in the above lines which may be intrusted to his care.

Persons having claims against the General Government, and who may confide them to his management, may rest assured that they will be speedily attended to.

Bounty Land Warrants or Treasury Scrip will be secured for the officers and soldiers of the present war, and the highest cash price obtained for the same. His terms will be moderate.

The undersigned will keep his office open from 8 o'clock A. M. until 6 o'clock P. M.

SAM'L STETTINIUS.
June 17 col2w

A. M. HOFFAR, DENTIST, 41 street, five doors above Penn. avenue, east side.

Teeth inserted on gold plate a better style than done in the city, and cheap accordingly.
June 14 tf

ADAMS & CO.'S EXPRESS.

REMOVAL.

ADAMS & CO. take this method of informing the public, that they have removed their OFFICE from their former place of Business, Elliott's Buildings, to the large and convenient Store-room, three doors below Gadsby's Hotel, Penn. avenue, and a few doors below the Railroad Depot, where they are now more fully prepared to receive and forward all descriptions of packages to the following places:

Boston, Richmond, Cincinnati, New York, Petersburg, Louisville, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, St. Louis, Baltimore, Wheeling, &c. &c. &c.

Adams & Co. will also forward specie and other valuables, and Collect Drafts, Notes, &c., on all the above places at reasonable rates.

G. S. McELFRESH,
may 27—col2m Agent.

GOODYEAR'S PATENT INSOLUBLE India Rubber Fabrics!!!

M. H. STEVENS (late Fish & Co.) has for sale a great variety of India Rubber Goods; such as Cloths, Coats, Beds, Haversacks, Saddle Bags, Paper File Holders, Door Springs, &c. &c. In fact, nearly every article made from India Rubber on hand, or procured at two or three days notice.

Also, a full assortment of BLACK & WHITE HATS, of the various fabrics now in vogue.

STEVENS, (Late Fish & Co.)
Genl's Outfitting Store, No. 1 Brown's Hotel.
June 2 6tfcol10t

MAY REPORT.—The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company (office No. 11 Wall street, New York) issued during the month of May, 1847, 142 new Policies, viz:

To Merchants & Traders	4	To Teachers	5
Clerks	10	Ladies	6
Manufacturers	15	Agents	2
Mechanics	17	Farmers	5
Physicians	7	Sea Captains	4
Clergymen	3	Students	3
Lawyers	4	Public officers	2
Brokers	2	Professor	1
Innkeepers	3	Other Occupations	12
			104
			38
			104

Number of policies issued in May

ROB. L. PATTERSON, President.

BENJ. G. MILLER, Secretary.

J. C. LEWIS, Agent, 7